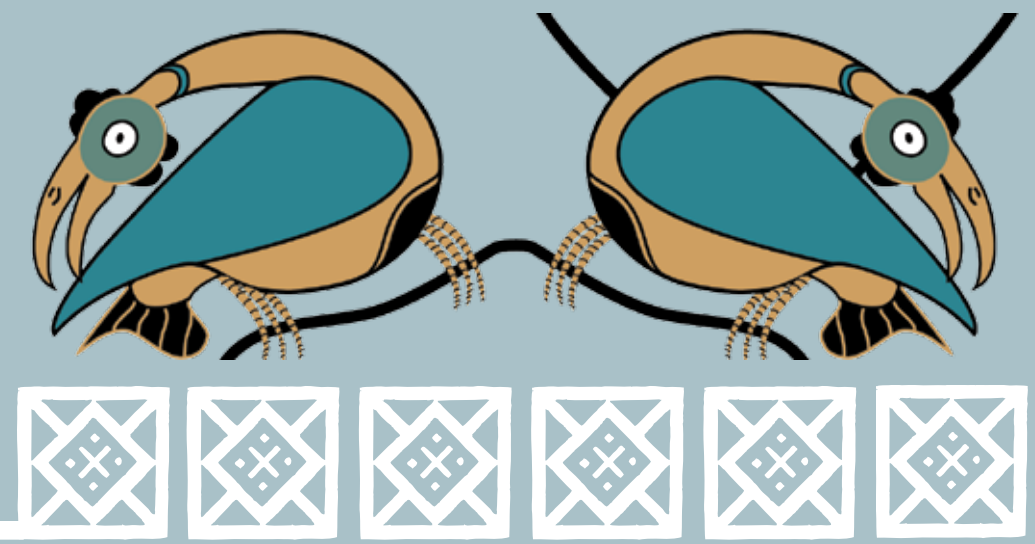


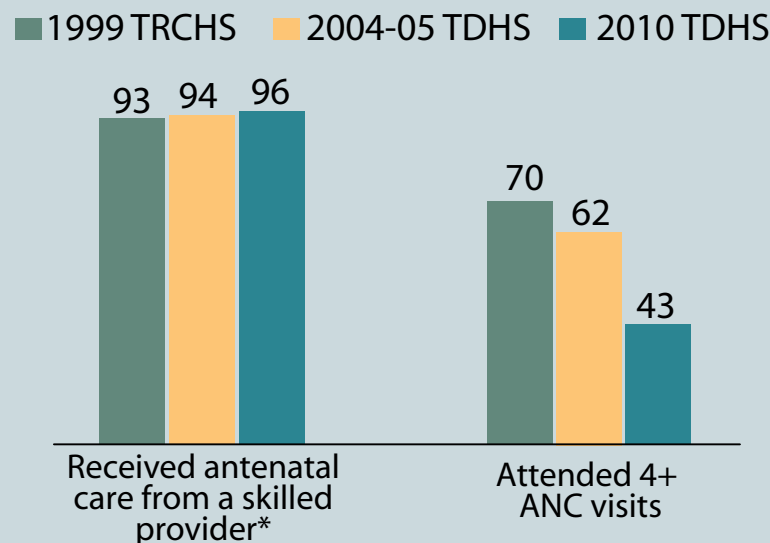
Maternal Health in Tanzania

Data from the 2010 Tanzania Demographic and Health Survey (TDHS)



Trends in Antenatal Care

Percent of women with a live birth in the 5 years before the survey



*Skilled provider includes doctor, clinical officer, assistant clinical officer, nurse, midwife, or MCH aide.

96% of women received antenatal care from a skilled provider at least once during their pregnancy.

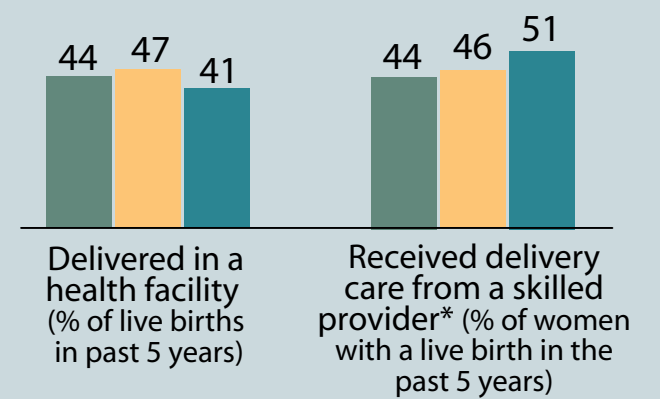
Only **43%** of women received 4+ antenatal care visits. This is a substantial decrease from 2004-05.



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Trends in Delivery Care

■ 1999 TRCHS ■ 2004-05 TDHS ■ 2010 TDHS



Half of women received delivery assistance from a skilled provider.

2 in 5 births occurred in a health facility. Health facility births have become less common since 2004-05.



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57% of pregnant women slept under an ITN the night before the survey. This is a remarkable increase from 16% in 2004-05.

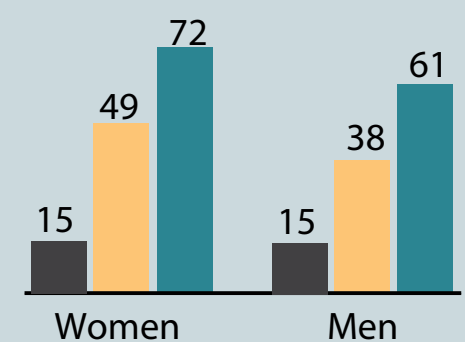
26% of pregnant women received the recommended protocol of intermittent preventive treatment for malaria (IPT) during pregnancy.

More than **65%** of Tanzanians now know about preventing maternal to child transmission of HIV. This is a large increase from just three years ago.

Trends in Knowledge of Mother-to-Child Transmission

Percent who know that HIV can be transmitted by breastfeeding and that the risk can be reduced by mother taking special drugs during pregnancy

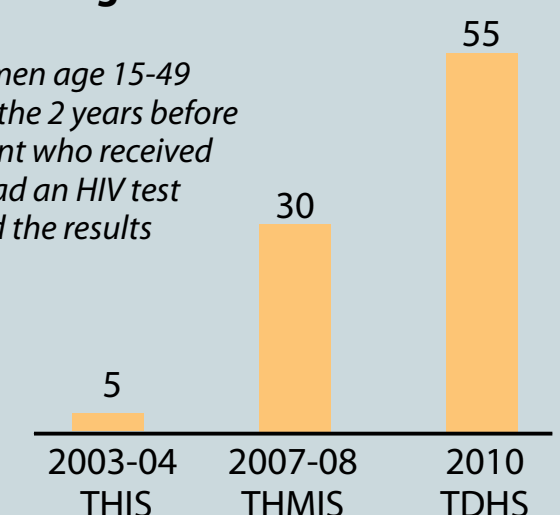
■ 2003-04 THIS ■ 2007-08 THMIS ■ 2010 TDHS



55% of pregnant women received counselling and an HIV test with results in the two years before the survey. This is a ten-fold increase since 2003-04

Trends in HIV Testing among Pregnant Women

Among all women age 15-49 with a live birth in the 2 years before the survey, percent who received counselling, had an HIV test and received the results



The 2010 Tanzania Demographic Survey was carried out by the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) and the Office of the Chief Government Statistician -Zanzibar (OCGS) in collaboration with the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (MoHSW). ICF Macro provided technical assistance for the survey through the USAID-funded MEASURE DHS programme. Funding for the survey was provided by the Tanzania government through the MoHSW, Tanzania Food and Nutrition Centre (TFNC), Department for International Development (DFID), World Health Organization (WHO)/Zanzibar, United Nations Fund for Population Activities (UNFPA), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), World Food Programme (WFP), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), and Irish Aid.